CANNABIS

WHAT IS CANNABIS?

It is a common psychoactive substance which is used widely. It is obtained from the plant cannabis sativa.

AVAILABLE FORMS

It is used in various forms such as:

- Marijuana or Ganja
- Bhang
- Charas or hashish

METHOD OF TAKING

- 1. Orally as
- (a) Thandai
- (b) Sweets
- (c) Manoka
- (d) Bhang is also mixed with flour to make 'pakodas' or 'bhajji'.
- 2. Smoking:
 - (a) In cigarettes
 - (b) Clay pipes
 - (c) Water pipes: Traditional hookah or modern 'bong'.

ADVERSE EFFECT:

Effects on brain and behavior:

Initially cannabis causes a feeling of relaxation.

- In higher doses it causes-
- Behavioral changes such as euphoria, anxiety, sensation of slowed time, impaired judgment, social withdrawal which develops during or shortly after cannabis intake.
- Sedation or excitement
- Loss of consciousness
- Memory impairment
- Impaired psychomotor performance
- Dependent syndrome, cannabis induced psychosis and the initiation and exacerbation of schizophrenia.

Physical effects-

- Dry mouth
- Increased heart rate
- Red eyes
- Hallucinations and sensory distortions
- Nausea and vomiting

WHAT ARE THE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF INTOXICATION?

- Symptoms
 - Impaired motor coordination
 - Euphoria/ anxiety/ dysphoria
 - Sensation of slowed time
 - Poor judgment
 - Social withdrawal

Signs

- Conjunctival infection
- Dry mouth and appetite
- Increased heart rate

WHAT ARE THE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF WITHDRAWAL?

Irritability, anger

- Anxiety
- Physical tension ,restlessness
- Decreases in appetite and mood
- Decreased body weight
- Shakiness and sleep problems

WHEN DOES WITHDRAWAL STARTS?

Withdrawal first appears within 24 hours; most pronounced for the first 10 days and can last up to 28 days.

Health hazards of long term cannabis use

- Cannabis contains more tar than tobacco, and has a higher concentration of cancer causing agents.
- With more tar smoking cannabis presents the same health problems as tobacco: bronchitis, emphysema and lung cancer.
- It can disrupt the control of blood pressure increasing the risk of fainting.
- Cannabis can cause psychosis in people who are predisposed.

HOW IT CAUSES ADDICTION?

 Cannabis contains a chemical 9 tetra hydrocannabinol, that affects the brain and it release dopamine at the pleasure centers and continued use causes dependence.